

Задание для студентов по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» Специальность
35.02.07 Механизация сельского хозяйства
(группа 1Б)

10.06.20г

Тема занятия: Повторение изученных грамматических форм. Лексико-грамматические упражнения. (обобщение).

Подготовимся к Контрольной работе.

Lesson 58

The 10th of June

1. Повторите грамматический материал Present Perfect.

I/We/You/They + **have** + 3-я форма глагола

I **have** started.

We **have** gone.

You **have** finished.

They **have** come.

He/She/It + **has** + 3-я форма глагола

He **has** decided.

She **has** done.

It **has** turned off.

1. Поставьте глаголы в Present Perfect.

1. Nick (to write) a letter.

2. Mary (to put) plates, forks, cups and knives on the table.

3. The family (to have) tea now.

Если глагол неправильный смотрите таблицу неправильных глаголов.

3-я форма глагола это третий столбик неправильных глаголов.

to write - 3-я форма это **written**

2. Повторите грамматический материал Past Perfect

Образование Past Perfect

Had + V(глагол в 3 форме)

Правильный глагол окончание –ed

Неправильный глагол используйте таблицу неправильных глаголов

Утвердительные предложения.

I **had** visited.

You **had** been.

He/she/it **had** played.

We **had** written.

They **had** called.

Вопросительные предложения.

Had I visited?

Had you been?

Had he/she/it played?

Had we written?

Had they called?

Отрицательные предложения.

I had not visited. *had not = hadn't*

You had not been.

He/she/it had not played.

We had not written.

They had not called.

2. Поставьте глаголы в *Past Perfect*.

1. I (**to lose**) my old phone.

2. We (**to talk**) it over before.

3. He (**to call**) his mom.

Таблица неправильных глаголов

VERB	PAST SIMPLE	PAST PARTICIPLE	ПЕРЕВОД
be [bi:]	was [wɒz], were [wɜ:]	been [bi:n]	Быть
become [bi:kʌm]	became [bi:keɪm]	become [bi:kʌm]	Становиться
begin [bi'gɪn]	began [bi'gæn]	begun [bi'gʌn]	Начинать
break [breɪk]	broke [brəʊk]	broken ['brəʊk(e)n]	Ломать
bring [brɪŋ]	brought [brɔ:t]	brought [brɔ:t]	Приносить
build [bɪld]	built [bɪlt]	built [bɪlt]	Строить
buy [baɪ]	bought [bɔ:t]	bought [bɔ:t]	Покупать
choose [tʃu:z]	chose [tʃəʊz]	chosen [tʃəʊz(ə)n]	Выбирать
come [kʌm]	came [keɪm]	come [kʌm]	Приходить
cut [kʌt]	cut [kʌt]	cut [kʌt]	Резать
do [du:]	did [dɪd]	done [dʌn]	Делать
draw [drɔ:]	drew [dru:]	drawn [drɔ:n]	Рисовать, тащить
drink [drɪŋk]	drank [dræŋk]	drunk [drʌŋk]	Пить
drive [draɪv]	drove [draʊv]	driven ['drɪvn]	Водить
eat [i:t]	ate [et]	eaten ['i:tn]	Есть
find [faɪnd]	found [faʊnd]	found [faʊnd]	Находить
fit [fɪt]	fit [fɪt]	fit [fɪt]	Подходить по размеру
fly [flaɪ]	flew [flu:]	flown [flaʊn]	Летать
forget [fə'get]	forgot [fə'gɒt]	forgotten [fə'gɒt(ə)n]	Забывать
forgive [fo'gɪv]	forgave [fo'geɪv]	forgiven [fo'gɪvn]	Прощать
get [get]	got [gɒt]	got [gɒt]	Получать
give [gɪv]	gave [geɪv]	given [gɪvn]	Давать
VERB	PAST SIMPLE	PAST PARTICIPLE	ПЕРЕВОД
go [gəʊ]	went [went]	gone [gɒn]	Идти
have [hæv]	had [həd]	had [həd]	Иметь

hear [hiə]	heard [hɜ:d]	heard [hɜ:d]	Слышать
keep [ki:p]	kept [kept]	kept [kept]	Содержать
know [nou]	knew [nju:]	known [noun]	Знать
learn [lɜ:n]	learnt [lɜ:nt]	learnt [lɜ:nt]	Учить
leave [li:v]	left [left]	left [left]	Оставлять
lose [lu:z]	lost [lɒst]	lost [lɒst]	Терять
make [meik]	made [meid]	made [meid]	Производить
meet [mi:t]	met [met]	met [met]	Встречать
put [put]	put [put]	put [put]	Положить
read [ri:d]	read [red]	read [red]	Читать
run [rʌŋ]	ran [ræŋ]	run [rʌŋ]	Бежать
say [sei]	said [sed]	said [sed]	Говорить
see [si:]	saw [sɔ:]	seen [si:n]	Видеть
sing [siŋ]	sang [sæŋ]	sung [sʌŋ]	Петь
sit [sit]	sat [sæt]	sat [sæt]	Сидеть
sleep [sli:p]	slept [slept]	slept [slept]	Спать
speak [spi:k]	spoke [spouk]	spoken ['spouk(e)n]	Говорить
stand [stænd]	stood [stu:d]	stood [stu:d]	Стоять
sting [stiŋ]	stung [stʌŋ]	stung [stʌŋ]	Жалить
swim [swim]	swam [swem]	swum [swʌm]	Плывать
take [teik]	took [tuk]	taken ['teik(ə)n]	Брать, взять
teach [ti:tʃ]	taught [tɔ:t]	taught [tɔ:t]	Учить
tell [tel]	told [tould]	told [tould]	Рассказывать
think [θɪŋk]	thought [θɔ:t]	thought [θɔ:t]	Думать
understand [ʌndə'stænd]	understood [ʌndə'stud]	understood [ʌndə'stud]	Понимать
win [win]	won [wʌn]	won [wʌn]	Выигрывать
write [rait]	wrote [rout]	written ['ritn]	Писать

3. Повторите грамматический материал Present Continuous.

I am speaking now.
She is speaking now.
He is writing now.
It is playing now.
We are reading now
You are sitting now.
They are making now.

3. Поставьте глаголы в Present Continuous.

3. I _____ (sunbathe) on the beach now.
4. She _____ (watch) TV now.
5. They _____ (swim) in the sea at that moment.

Выполненное задание для проверки и оценки отправьте на адрес

Людмила Тимофеевна Гришмановская эл. почты Ludmila03543@yandex.ru

Татьяна Александровна Колодяжная эл. почта tanya24216@mail.ru

Когда отправляете выполненное задания, пишите фамилию и группу.

Задание для студентов по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» Специальность
35.02.07 Механизация сельского хозяйства
(группа 1Б)

11.06.20г

Тема занятия: Контрольная работа №2

Lesson 59

The 11th of June
Контрольная работа
по дисциплине «Иностранный язык»
студента 1Б группы
Ф.И.О.

Оценка выставляется только за тот вариант, который по списку напротив вашей фамилии.

№1	Ф.И.О.	Вариант	оценка
1	Андреев В.В.	1	
2	Бармашов В.	2	
3	Белоглазов С.А.	3	
4	Бердюгин Н.А.	4	
5	Брюхова В.П.	5	
6	Грязных В.В.	6	
7	Грязных И.Д.	1	
8	Данилейко Н.Ю.	2	
9	Калаш Д	3	
10	Калинин А.	4	
11	Коркин К.	5	
12	Огородникова А.	6	
13	Подкорытов А.	1	
14	Пушкарева К.	2	
15	Романютин Н.	3	
16	Ташкина Е.	4	
17	Жердева Е.В.	5	
18	Булыгин Е.С.	6	
19	Плюхин Н	1	
20	Богомолов Р	2	

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Контрольная работа (1курс 2семестр)

Вариант № 1

Первый уровень

1. Переведите слова на русский язык

The British Isles, mountainous, industry, populated, rocky, government, to reign, valley, plain, industry.

2. Поставьте глаголы в Present Perfect (настоящее совершенное время)

1. I ... (not start) my new job yet.
2. ... you (be) to Moscow before?
3. They ... (do) the shopping today.

Второй уровень

3. Переведите на русский язык

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland is situated on the British Isles. The United Kingdom consists of four parts: England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. The area of this country is about 244 000 square kilometers. The population of the UK is over 62 million. The capital of the UK is London.

The mountains are not very high in this country. There are many beautiful lakes in the mountainous part of the country. The rivers are not very long. The most important of them are Severn and Thames.

Politically the UK is a monarchy: the head of state is the King or Queen. In practice the Sovereign reigns, but does not rule: Great Britain is governed by the Government. The present Sovereign is Queen Elizabeth II. The real ruler of the country is the Prime Minister representing the party in power.

Третий уровень

4. Ответьте на вопросы

1. What parts does The United Kingdom consist of?
2. What is the capital of the country?
3. Who is the head of the state?

Вариант № 2

Первый уровень

1. Переведите слова на русский язык:

hobby, entertainment, activity, to attend, leisure, occupation, to develop, pastime, to go in for sports, to develop.

2. Поставьте глаголы в Past Perfect (прошедшее совершенное время)

1. It ... (rain) when we left home.
2. I ... (already play) for my school team at the age of 16.
3. She ... (make) great progress by that time.

Второй уровень

3. Переведите текст на русский язык

A hobby is a special interest or activity that you do in your free time. Hobbies differ like tastes. It is hard to name all the activities, entertainments and hobbies practiced by people in their free time. There are various pursuits that people choose to pass their free time. Today people spend hours watching different informative, educational or environment programmes. Other popular occupations are playing computer games, listening to the radio, reading books, painting and so on. Many people prefer to go in for different kinds of sports.

The most popular hobby is doing things. It includes a wide variety of activities from gardening to travelling, from chess to volleyball. Both grown-ups and children are fond of playing different computer games. This hobby becomes more and more popular every year.

Making things includes drawing, painting handicrafts. Aerobics and shopping are two of the most popular pursuits for women. Many people collect something – coins, stamps, compact discs, toys, books and others.

Третий уровень

4. Ответьте на вопросы

1. What is a hobby?
2. What is the most popular hobby?
3. What does it include?

Вариант № 3

Первый уровень.

1. Переведите следующие слова на русский язык:

to get up, to get dressed, to have (to take) a shower, to brush one's hair, break, canteen, to be busy, to be over, to do one's morning exercises,

2. Поставьте глаголы в прошедшее неопределенное /простое время (Past Simple).

1. I (to get up) very late yesterday.
2. He (to leave) the house at seven.
3. He (to have breakfast) at 8 o'clock

Второй уровень.

3. Переведите текст.

I get up at a quarter to seven. I jump out of the bed and go to the bathroom. Wash myself and clean my teeth. Then I dress and sit down at the table to have my breakfast. I usually have a cup of tea or coffee, bread and butter. After breakfast I go to the technical school. My lessons begin at 8 o'clock. At one o'clock we have a lunch hour. I take it at the canteen of our technical school. At four o'clock the lessons are over, and I come home. When I get home from the technical school, I have dinner. After dinner I help my mother to wash up the dishes. Then I do my lessons. This usually takes me about two hours. At eight or nine o'clock I have supper. In the evening I listen to music or watch TV. If the program is not interesting, I go to the cinema or to the theatre. Sometimes, I go for a walk with my friends. We talk about different things and usually have a good time. At 11 o'clock I go to bed.

Третий уровень.

4. Ответьте на вопросы.

1. When does he get up?
2. What does he have for breakfast?
3. Do the lessons begin at 9?

Вариант № 4

Первый уровень

1. Переведите слова на русский язык

Country, independent, nation, law, to appoint, sovereign, the Federal Assembly, to elect, ocean, capital.

2. Поставьте заключенные в скобках глаголы в Present Continuous (настоящее длительное /продолженное время)

1. Nick ... (write) a letter now.
2. Mary ... (put) plates, forks, cups and knives on the table at the moment.
3. She ... (have) tea now.

Второй уровень

3. Переведите текст на русский язык

Russia is the largest country in the world. Russia is washed by the Pacific Ocean in the east and the Arctic Ocean in the north. It covers half of Europe and the third part of Asia. The main rivers are the Volga the Yenisei, the Ob and the Lena.

The Baikal Lake, the deepest fresh water lake in the world, is in Siberia. There are several mountains chains in Russia: the Urals and the Altai.

There are four climatic zones on the territory of Russia. It is rich in mineral resources, such as, coal, oil, iron ore, gas, and copper, lead, gold and others.

The population of our country is about 150 million people.

Третий уровень

4. Ответьте на вопросы

1. Is Russia a large country?
2. What is Russia washed by?
3. What are the main rivers?

Вариант № 5

Первый уровень.

1. Переведите следующие слова на русский язык:

science, technology, development, scientist, to discover, to apply, to improve, invention, to accelerate, to use

2. Вставьте в предложения слова по смыслу: accelerate, discover, imagine, apply, science,

1. It's difficult to imagine the role of ... in our life.
2. Science and technology ... the development of civilization.
3. Scientists investigate the laws of the universe, ... the secrets of nature.
4. We can't ... our life without TV sets, computers, microwave ovens, radio telephones.
5. Scientists their knowledge in practice improving the life of people.

3. Перепишите предложения, подчеркните модальные глаголы, переведите на русский язык.

1. He can play tennis.
2. Can you solve this problem?
3. We may come on Friday.
4. I must prepare the report by Monday.

Второй уровень.

4. Переведите текст.

It's difficult to imagine the role of science and technology in our life. They accelerate the development of civilization and help us in our co-operation with nature. Scientists investigate the laws of the universe, discover the secrets of nature, and apply their knowledge in practice improving the life of people. Let's compare our life nowadays with the life of people at the beginning of the 20th century. It has changed beyond recognition. Our ancestors hadn't the slightest idea of the trivial things created by the scientific progress that we use in our everyday life.

I mean refrigerators, TV sets, computers, microwave ovens, radio telephones, what not. They would seem miracles to them that made our life easy, comfortable and pleasant. On the other hand, the great

inventions of the beginning of the 20th century, I mean radio, airplanes, combustion and jet engines have become usual things and we can't imagine our life without them.

Третий уровень.

5. Ответьте на вопросы.

1. What do science and technology accelerate?
2. What do scientists do?
3. What do improve our life?
4. Can we imagine our life without modern devices?

Вариант № 6

Первый уровень.

1. Переведите следующие слова на русский язык:

science, technology, development, scientist, to discover, to apply, to improve, invention, to use, device

2. Переведите предложения, обращая внимание на согласование времен.

1. I knew that she was in the hospital.
2. He thought she was sleeping.
3. We hoped that they would come on Sunday.
4. She said that she had bee at the station.
5. I knew that she had watch TV that day.

Второй уровень.

3. Переведите текст.

People can hardly imagine their lives without modern technologies nowadays. It is almost impossible to go out without a mobile phone or an MP3 player, for example. These devices have become an important part of our life. Moreover, almost every day either a new technology is being invented or an old one is being improved. To stay up-to-date people keep buying newer items. Soon our houses and work places will look like electronic stores. Technology is all around us. First of all, we need it for work.

All modern offices are equipped with computers, scanners, printers, and other useful machines. One of the most important devices today is the wi-fi modem as it provides Internet. Secondly, technologies surround us at home, in cars and everywhere. It includes TVs, radios, refrigerators, vacuum-cleaners, washing machines, CD-players, e-books, cameras and else.

Третий уровень.

4. Ответьте на вопросы.

1. Can people imagine their lives without modern technologies nowadays?
2. What devices have become an important part of our life?
3. What do we need in our life?
4. What is the most important device today?